

Thames Valley Strategic Clinical Network

Methotrexate INTRATHECAL

INDICATION

CNS prophylaxis and treatment for patients with lymphoma and/or leukaemia [Licensed / NHSE funded]

ALL INTRATHEACAL DRUGS TO BE ADMINISTERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL GUIDANCE AND LOCAL POLICY

TREATMENT INTENT

Prophylaxis used as part of a curative treatment regimen. Can be used palliatively.

PRE-ASSESSMENT

- Blood tests FBC, U&Es, LFTs, coagulation screen.
- Record performance status (WHO/ECOG).
- Consent ensure patient has received adequate verbal and written information regarding their disease, treatment and potential side effects. Document in medical notes all information that has been given. Obtain written consent on the day of treatment.
- Urine pregnancy test before cycle 1 of new chemotherapy course in women of child-bearing age unless they are post-menopausal, have been sterilised or undergone a hysterectomy.
- Treatment should be agreed in the relevant MDT.

DRUG REGIMEN

Day 1 METHOTREXATE 12.5mg [or as indicated by specific protocol] INTRATHECALLY Allow drug to reach room temperature before administering.

CYCLE FREQUENCY

Dependent on concurrent chemotherapy regimen.

RE-STAGING

For CNS treatment, continue at least weekly until CSF count normal + 1 further dose

DOSE MODIFICATIONS

Dose modifications are not recommended. Consider treatment delay if the platelet count is very low or coagulation is abnormal. If platelets < 40×10^{9} /L give 1-2 pools of platelets (depending on prior platelet increments) just before/during procedure. Correct any coagulation abnormality.

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CONTRAINDICATIONS

Hypersensitivity to active ingredients and excipients. Refer for full details to Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPCs).

INVESTIGATIONS

FBC, U&Es, LFTs. Aim for platelet count of > 40×10^{9} /L and PT/APTT within normal range.

CONCURRENT MEDICATIONS

Calcium folinate is indicated in specific protocols, otherwise none required. See individual treatment protocol.

EMETIC RISK

Minimal

ADVERSE EFFECTS

- Lumbar puncture side-effects: most common headache, swelling, bruising or discomfort in lower back; less common: arachnoiditis; fever, infection, rarely leucoencephalopathy
- Care should be taken if radiotherapy is given during or after intrathecal methotrexate therapy as it can exacerbate methotrexate toxicity
- IT methotrexate will reach the blood stream and can have systemic effects

INTERACTIONS

Anticoagulants and antiplatelets can increase the risk of bleeding when intrathecal methotrexate is administered during the lumbar puncture. Consider the risk of bleeding vs risk of thrombosis when suspending anticoagulants and antiplatelets. Refer to the Association of British Neurologists clinical guideline [Link] (summary of recommendations in Table 1 below).

Table 1. Recommendations for discontinuation of medications in patients with normal renal function.

	Anticoagulants				Antiplatelets		
	LMWH prophylaxis	LMWV treatment	Rivaroxaban + Apixaban	Dabigatran	Warfarin	Aspirin 75mg	Clopidogrel
Withhold before IT MTX	12 hours	24 hours	24 hours	48 hours	5 days* check INR≤1.4	continue	7 days (Consideraspirin)
First dose after IT MTX	4 hours	4 hours (24 hrs if traumatic)	6 hours	6 hours	12 hours	No delay	6 hours

*Warfarin - consider bridging with LMWH in high-risk patients.

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EXTRAVASATION RISK

Not applicable

TREATMENT RELATED MORTALITY

Less than 1%

REFERENCES

- Accord Healthcare Limited. Methotrexate 25 mg/ml solution for injection. Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC). Last updated 26/01/2022. Available at <u>https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/</u> <Last accessed 02/07/2022>
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REVIEW

Name	Revision	Date	Version	Review date
NSSG Lymphoma Group	Annual protocol review	May 2019	3.5	May 2021
NSSG Lymphoma Group Graham Collins, Consultant Haematologist, Natalia Czub, Haematology Pharmacist	Annual protocol review. Contraindications and interactions sections updated.	July 2022	4.0	July 2024

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